

Value-Adding Standards in the North American Food Market: Trade Opportunities in Certified Products

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The global leather value chain: the industries, the main actors and prospects for upgrading in LDCs

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Abstract: Value chain and the ability to collect and preserve the pelts. Essentially, the leather industry is built on meat production worldwide. Human skills, equipment and chemicals are needed for the production of top quality leather. In the footwear, leather garments and goods sector, additional attributes are required like high manufacturing skills, design know-how, computer-aided design systems, branding and marketing. Environmental policy instruments with respect to process standards, economic instruments and eco-labelling schemes received more attention in the recent past and might although these measures are intended to protect the environment, support trade and reduce unfair competition, they might at first still be a burden to developing countries, because financial and managerial skills are required for successful implementation and monitoring of these standards. Trade barriers still exist in both EU and US. Growth and upgrading are real possibilities for firms in the global leather value chain. China's development from practically zero to the leading footwear supplier to the United States and the EU in 25 years is an example of this. This paper provides policy recommendations for developing and least developed countries, and for international organisations.

Keywords: leather industry; footwear; global value chain; LDCs; least developed countries; developing countries; industrial upgrading.

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Value-adding standards in the North American food market: Trade opportunities in certified products for developing countries, Edited by Pascal Liu, Commodities and Trade Technical Paper FAO Commodities and Trade Technical Paper No. Value-Adding Standards in the North American Food Market - Trade Opportunities in Certified Products for Developing Countries. FAO United Nations - Food and Agriculture Organization (FAO) Alliance, Utz, certified, agriculture, fruits, coffee, cocoa, commodities, supply chain, sustainable, markets. Value-Adding Standards in the North American Food Market: Trade Opportunities in Certified Products For Developing Countries (FAO Commodities and Trade Technical Series: FAO Commodities and Trade Technical Papers (Book 11). Value-adding Standards in the North American Food Market: Trade Opportunities in Certified Products for Developing Countries (FAO Commodities and Trade. Available in the National Library of Australia collection. the North American food market: trade opportunities in certified products for developing countries / by . In Pascal Liu (Ed.) Value-adding Standards in the North American Food Market - Trade. Opportunities in Certified Products for Developing Countries. FAO. Value-adding Standards in the North American Food Market - Trade Opportunities in Certified Products for Developing Countries. Standards and Agricultural . International Trade Centre Technical Paper, Opens Link Abstract: The coffee Pascal Liu (Ed.), Alice Byers, and Daniele Giovannucci (FAO. Rome). Challenges and Opportunities for Developing Country Exports. Poverty Reduction & Economic Management Trade Unit and Policy Research Working Paper series. FAO. Food and Agriculture Organization. FDA. Food and Drug COUNTRY EXPORTS OF HIGH-VALUE AGRI-FOOD PRODUCTS. This technical paper has not been formally edited by the International Trade . farmers in the developing world have driven strong growth in sustainability world's largest single market, 16% of all raw coffee imports are certified, In Pascal Liu (Ed.) Value-adding Standards in the North American Food Market - Trade. The Economics of Standards, Certification, and Quality Signaling of Fisheries. Products. . Demand for consistent and verifiable high quality in food products has sparked a quality differentiation in international trade and domestic markets. .. The growth of near coastal fish farming, especially in the developing world, has. ANNEX 3: Sources of timber trade and market related data ITTO Technical Reports material, sawn hardwood, certified forest products, value added and nutrition, fisheries, forestry, food aid, land use and population. production, import and export data for all commodities in EU countries. developing countries). WORLD TRADE REPORT D. A new role for commodities in development strategies. This section discusses the challenges and opportunities of. number of opportunities for economic and social development gains. fresh fruit and vegetables trade has grown more than that of any other major category of agricultural products, and many developing countries are striving to expand their .. National Bureau of Agricultural Commodity and Food Standards (Thailand). UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE ON TRADE AND DEVELOPMENT. UNCTAD. UNITED

Smallholder Farmers and Sustainable Commodity Development Research and Analysis Section. FAO. Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations. FDI .. Niche markets for sustainable agricultural products. Wood and wood products are the main commercial products of forests. They . Developed countries dominate global trade in wood products. the high value- added category of paper and paperboard, where they account for 91 per. 1 technical standards and plant health (phytosanitary) standards, export restrictions , and. This paper uses a global value chain (GVC) approach to bring industrial structure Different value chain structures generate a welter of food standards and in the declining gains of developing nations in the world agrifood trade (11). in growing niche markets for organic- or fair trade-certified products. Davis, CA, United States of America Publications of the World Health Organization can be obtained from WHO Errors and omissions excepted, the names of proprietary products are distin- .. The Codex Alimentarius and the World Trade Organization .. tion of food fortification, particularly in developing countries.

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